

Forest Bioenergy – An Introduction



Bringing Bioenergy
Opportunities to
Eastern Fresno County
May 22, 2014

Tad Mason, CEO
TSS Consultants



TSS Consultants

- TSS established in 1986 – principal focus was biomass to power
- Continue to assist project developers, government agencies, utilities, and tribal entities with bioenergy development and projects – biopower, biogas, biofuels, and bioproducts



What is Biomass?

- **Biomass** – any solid, nonhazardous, cellulosic material derived from: forest-related resources, solid wood wastes, agricultural wastes, and plants grown exclusively as a fuel.*

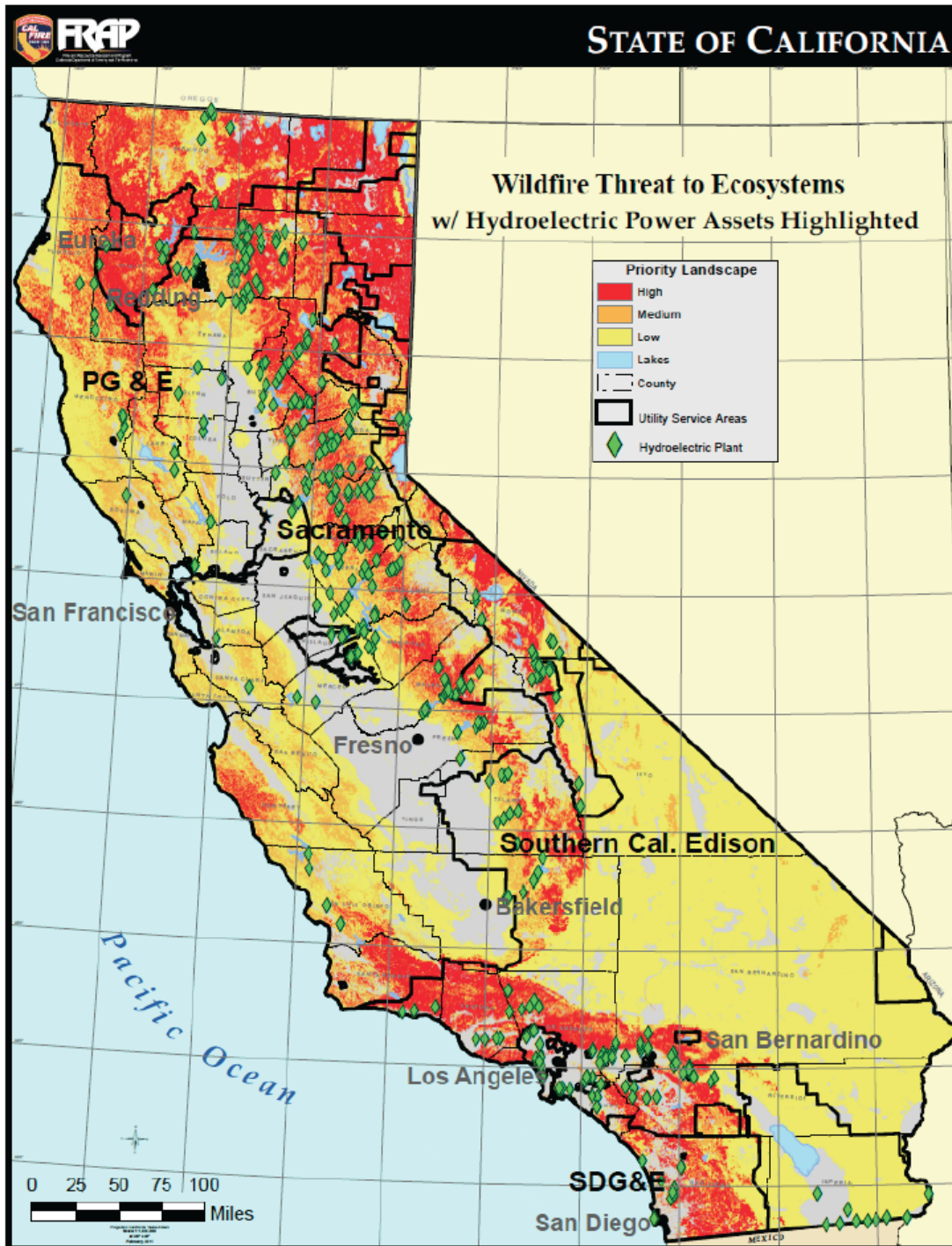
*based on the definition of biomass in the 2005 Energy Act



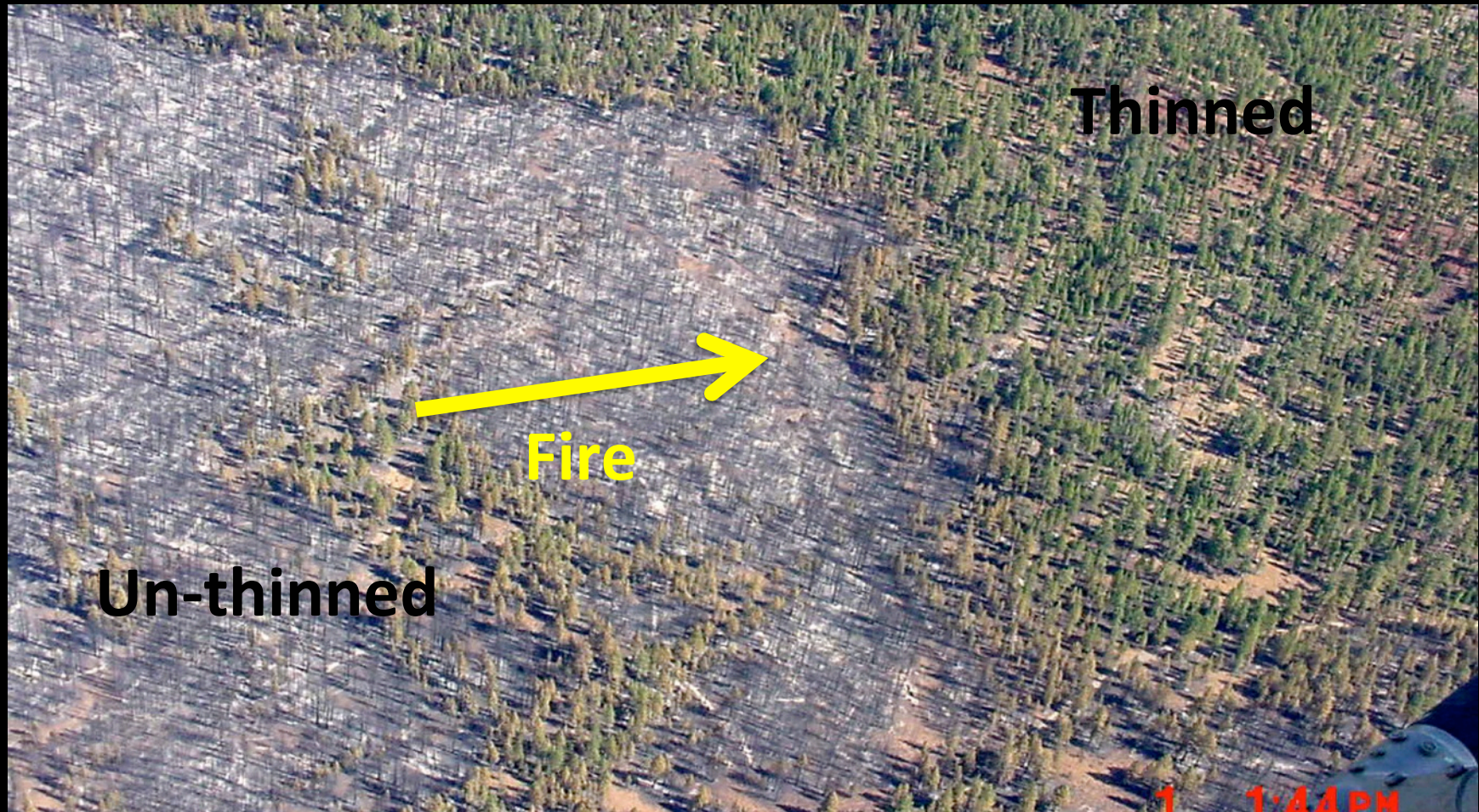
Potential Benefits of Biomass Utilization

- Renewable energy, transportation fuels, and bio-based products
- Provides base load (24/7) electricity
- Turning a waste into a product
- Air quality benefits
- Greenhouse gas reduction
- Rural economic development
- Healthy forests/reduce wildfire potential

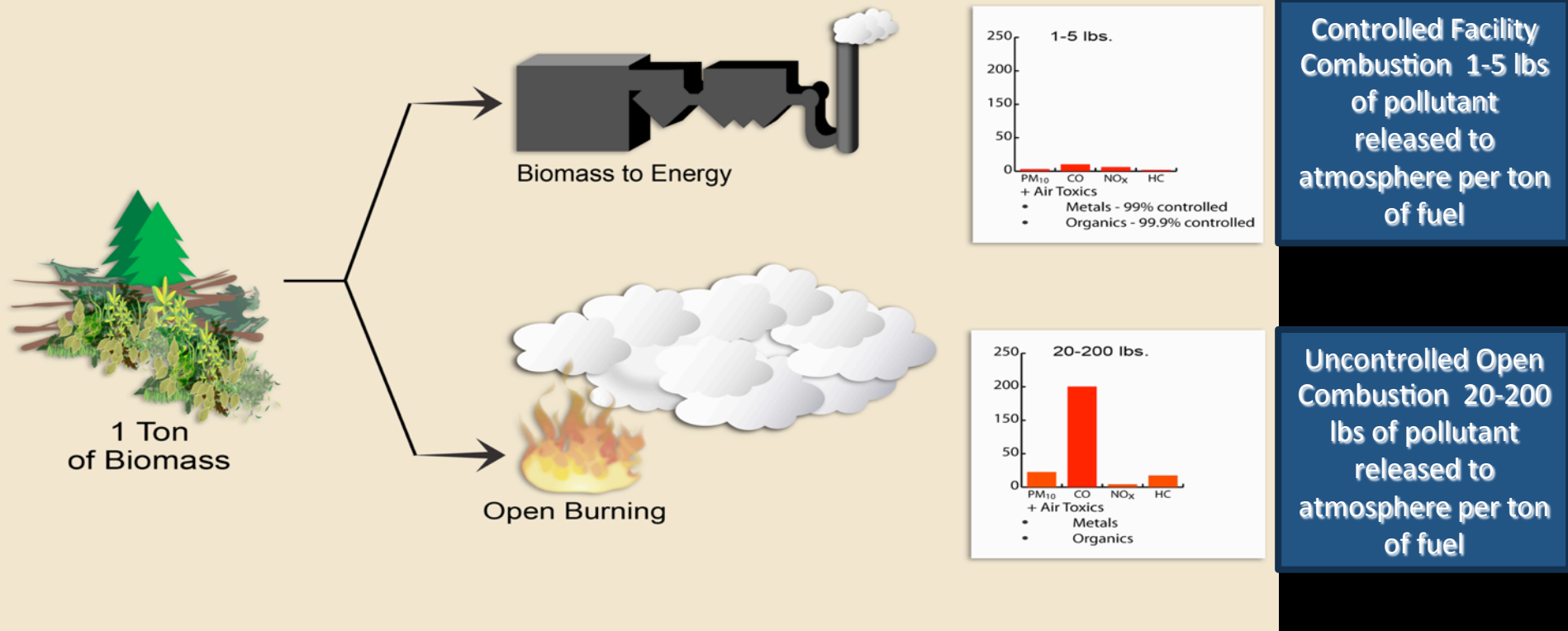
Why are
healthy
forests
important?



Positive Effects of Fuel Treatments



Woody Biomass Energy Production - Reduces Overall Emissions from Open Burning



Graphic courtesy of Placer County Air Pollution Control District

New Influencing Factors Effecting Bioenergy Facilities

- Growing waste disposal issues/opportunities
- Renewable energy gov' t mandates/incentives including Senate Bill 1122
- New financial and owner groups looking for renewable energy business deals
- Fossil fuel pricing – abrupt current and future price increases
- Acceleration in the development of new biomass to energy conversion technologies
- Greenhouse gas reduction opportunities

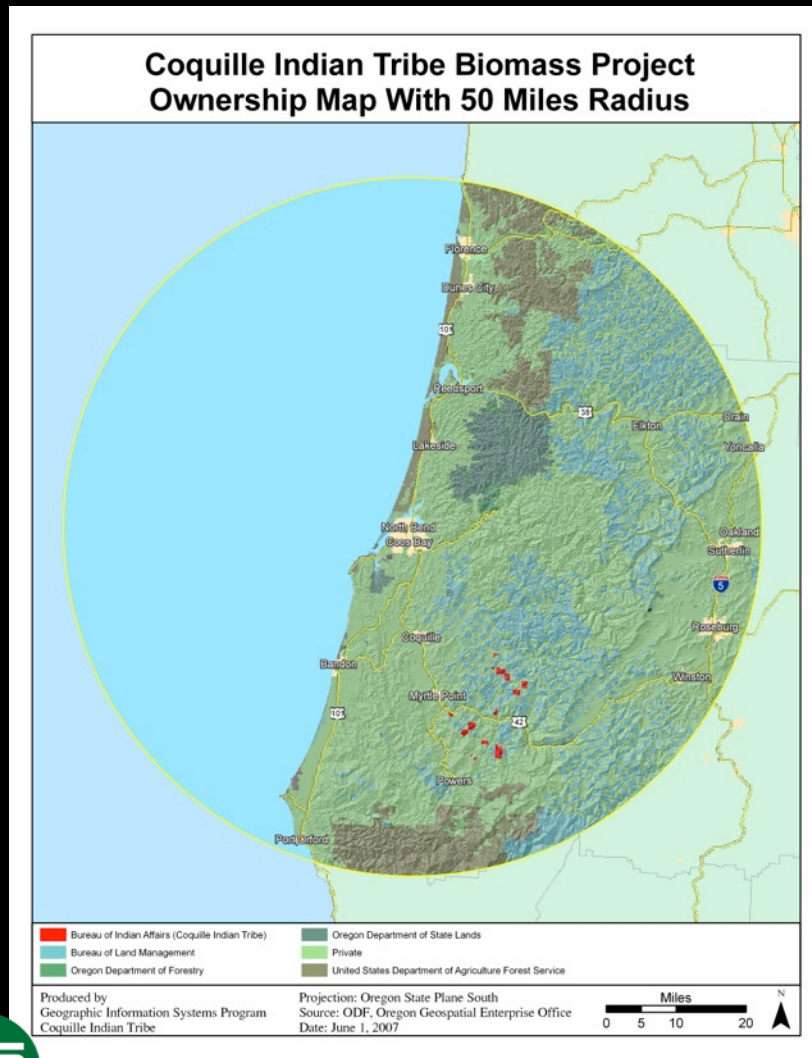
SB 1122

- Enacted in 2012
- Requires 250 megawatts of biomass power procurement:
 - 110 megawatts from wastewater treatment, organic waste diversion, food processing, and codigestion
 - 90 megawatts from dairies and agricultural waste
 - **50 megawatts from sustainable forest-sourced biomass**
- Rules being developed at CPUC under the Renewable Market Adjusting Tariff (Re-MAT) proceeding

Principal Steps of a Bioenergy Project

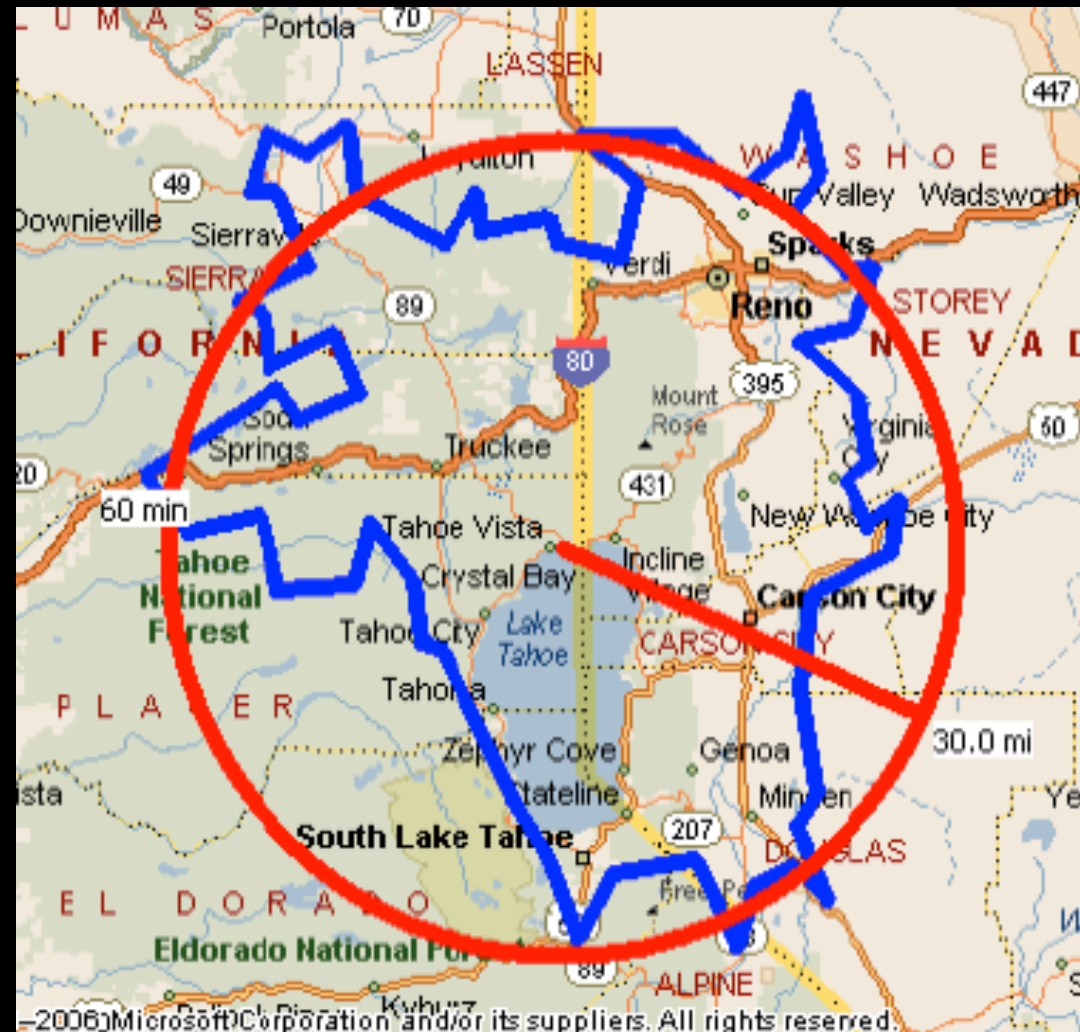
- Resource Assessment
- Siting and Environmental
- Technology Selection
- Project Economics/Financial Analysis
- Secure Feedstock with LT Agreement(s)
- Off take Agreements (power/heat)
- Secure Project Financing
- Design and Construct

Biomass Resource Assessment – Doing the Assessment



- Assess available resources within a physical and economic boundary
- Begin with available data and information
- Interview potential sources and others knowledgeable of local and regional biomass resources
- Scaling the potential facility

Resource Assessment Mapping



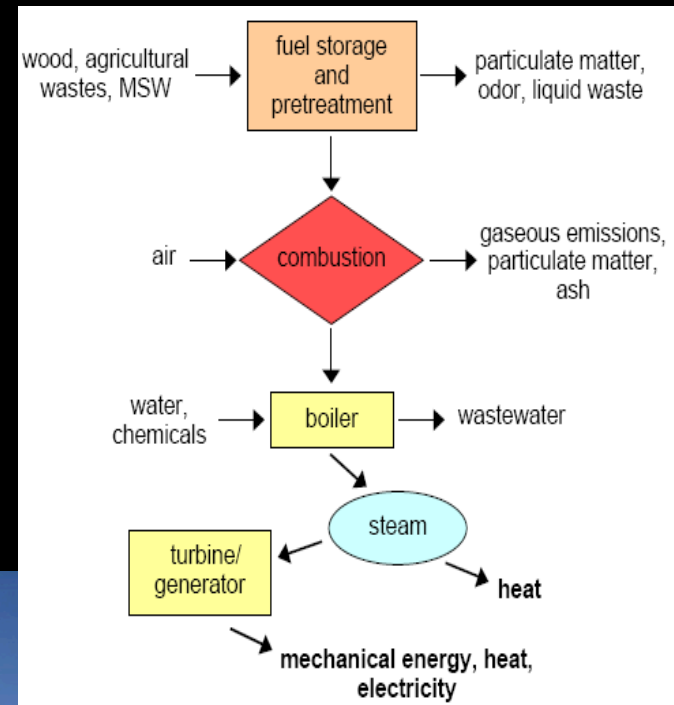
Biomass Feedstock Assessment – What is necessary to know?

- Sustainable long term supply located within close proximity (< 50 miles)
- Economically available
- Environmentally available
- Meets quality specifications
- Available in quantities and from diverse sources that support project financing
 - ✓ Minimum 10 year supply, 70% under contract
 - ✓ At least 2.5 – 3 times facility usage (fuel supply coverage ratio)

Technology Evaluation & Selection

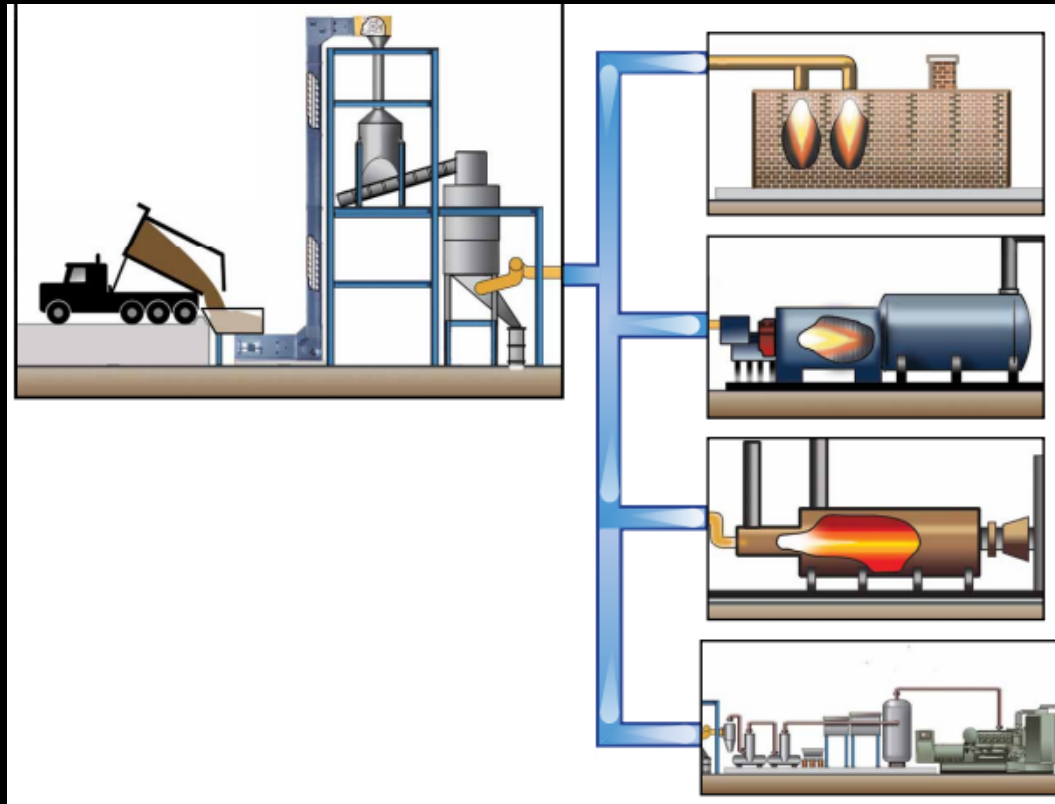
- Search for most appropriate technology considering project location and biomass supply
 - ✓ Ability to convert local supply into heat, power, and/or transportation fuels
 - ✓ Must meet local permitting specifications
- Technology should be proven
 - ✓ Operates efficiently on available biomass supply
 - ✓ Operates cleanly on available biomass supply
 - ✓ Appropriate for site and local/regional resources

Combustion Technology



Gasification

Gasification converts biomass to a combustible gas (a.k.a. syngas)



Phoenix Energy (Ankur)



All Power Labs



Biochar

- Process

- ✓ Thermochemical treatment, developed through gasification
- ✓ Separates water, VOCs, & hemicellulose in woody biomass.
Also breaks the cellulosic structure of the wood at
700-1000°C
- ✓ Produces a carbonaceous residue
Biochar can be between 75%-85% fixed carbon
- ✓ Results yield 7%-20% of the original mass



Site Selection Considerations

- Location relative to feedstock resources
- Current Land Use Zoning
- Power grid capacity and infrastructure
- Community Support
- Site conditions/site availability
- Potential collocation of value-added enterprises

Potential Sites in Eastern Fresno County

- Auberry mill site
- Shaver Lake Sites
 - Substation
 - Former landfill
 - Former sawmill
- US Forest Service – Sierra NF
- Sierra High/Middle School

Project Economics

- Sustainable and economical fuel supply
 - ✓ Fuel/feedstock supply typically represents the highest variable cost for a biomass facility
- Existing incentives
 - ✓ Production Tax Credits
 - ✓ Local incentives – enterprise zone
- Markets for power, heat, fuels, and byproducts
 - ✓ Market support justifies capital investment
- Return on investment
 - ✓ Return on Investment (ROI) of 20%+

Implications for Eastern Fresno County

- Reduces potential for wildfire
- Improved air quality (fewer wildfire and open burning emissions)
- Conversion of wood waste to renewable power
- New, sustainable, family wage jobs



Tad Mason, CEO TSS Consultants
Rancho Cordova, California
916.266.0546

tmason@tssconsultants.com
www.tssconsultants.com